

- (a) (14 points) **Short Answer:** Give short and precise answer for each of the questions below only on the space provided.

1. The Value of limit

$$(a) \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^{100} - 1}{x - 1} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$(b) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (e^x + x)^{\frac{1}{x}} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$(c) \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} x^{(\frac{1}{x})} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

2. If the functions

$$g(x) = \begin{cases} be^x + a + 1, & x \leq 0 \\ ax^2 + b(x + 3), & 0 < x \leq 1 \\ a \cos(\pi x) + 7bx, & x > 1 \end{cases}$$

is continuous everywhere, the values of $a = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ and $b = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

3. Equation of the normal line to the parabola $y = x^2 + 4x - 3$ that is parallel to the line $x - 2y = 7$ is $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$$4. \frac{d}{dx} \left(\tan \left(\sqrt{\cosh^{-1}(x)} \right) \right) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

5. The value of the integral

$$(a) \int \frac{x+1}{x^3+x} dx = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$(b) \int_4^\infty \frac{1}{(x-3)^{\frac{5}{3}}} dx = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$(c) \int x \ln(x^4 + 1) dx = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

6. (a) State the Fundamental Theorem of Calculus Part I (FTCI)

$$\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$(b) G(x) = \int_{e^{-x}}^{e^x} \ln(t) dt \text{ then using (a) above } G'(x) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

7. The area of the region enclosed by the line $y = x$ and the curve $y = x^3$ is $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

8. The Volume of the solid generated by revolving the region bounded by $x = y^2$, $x =$ and $y = 0$ about x-axis is $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

Applied Mathematics I

Final Exam (Page 2 of 5)

Jan. 30, 2017

- (b) (26 points) **Workout Problems:** Show all the necessary steps clearly and neatly on the space provided.
1. (6 points) Use $\epsilon - \delta$ definition to show that $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{x+1}{1+\sqrt{x}} = 1$

Jan. 30, 2017

2. (6 points) Sand is flowing from a pipe at the constant rate of $45\text{m}^3/\text{s}$, and is falling in a conical pile. The radius of this pile is always 1.5 times the altitude (height). Find the rate at which the altitude of the pile is increasing when the altitude is 2m.

3. (7 points) A closed rectangular container with square base is to have a volume of $5m^3$. Suppose the material for the two square faces will cost 5 birr per square meter, the material for the rest four rectangular faces will be 8 birr per square meter. Find the dimensions of the container that minimize the cost.

4. (7 points) Let $f(x) = \frac{e^x}{1-e^x}$. Then find
- The intercepts
 - The asymptotes
 - The interval on which f is increasing and on which it is decreasing,
 - The relative extreme value of f
 - Concavity and inflection points
 - Sketch the graph of f

Sol:

a. has no x -int of intercepts

b. ~~$\frac{e^x}{1-e^x} = 0$~~ $\Rightarrow 1 - e^x = 0 \Rightarrow x = 0$

c. $f'(x)$

$$\begin{aligned} f'(x) &= \frac{e^x(1-e^x) - (-e^x)e^x}{(1-e^x)^2} \\ &= e^x - e^{2x} + e^{2x} \end{aligned}$$